San Diego Municipal Code Land Development Code

## Landscape Standards

Appendix E

Water Budget Landscape Worksheets

## WATER BUDGET LANDSCAPE WORKSHEET

This project worksheet is to be submitted to the City when the proposed development is subject to the water budget requirement in Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 4 (Landscape Regulations).
$\qquad$
Project Name:
Project \#: $\qquad$
Project Address: $\qquad$
Individual/Business Completing the Worksheet $\qquad$
Phone Number $\qquad$

## 1. DEFINITIONS:

Estimated Total Water Use (ETWU): The total water used for the landscape based on the plants used and irrigation method selected for the landscape design. The ETWU shall not exceed the MAWA.

Evapotranspiration: The quantity of water as measured in average inches per year that evaporated from adjacent soil surfaces and transpired by plants during a specific time period. (Evapotranspiration data may be found at www.cimis.water.ca.gov. You may obtain a free password from the Department of Water Resources. The site also holds an abundance of informational links and complete instructions.)

Evapotranspiration Adjustment Factor (ETAF): A factor that when applied to reference evapotranspiration adjusts for plant water requirements and irrigation efficiencies, two major influences on the amount of water that is required for a healthy landscape.

Hydrozone: A section or zone of the landscaped area having plants with similar water needs that are served by a valve or set of valves with the same schedule. A hydrozone may be irrigated or non-irrigated. For the purpose of the calculation, the surface area of manmade water features (see LDM Section 1.8) are included in the high water use hydrozone, and the surface area of artificial turf and temporary irrigation is included in the low water use hydrozone.

Irrigation Audit: An in-depth evaluation of the performance of an irrigation system conducted by a professional authorized by the State to perform such work. An irrigation audit includes,
but is not limited to: inspection, system tune-up, system test with distribution uniformity or emission uniformity, reporting overspray or runoff that causes overland flow, and preparation of an irrigation schedule.

Landscape Area: The entire premises less the area of building footprints, non-irrigated portions of parking lots, driveways, hardscapes (as defined in Land Development Code Section 113.0103), and areas designated for habitat preservation or Brush Management Zone 2.

Maximum Applied Water Allowance (MAWA) Water Budget -: The upper limit of annual applied water for the established landscaped area expressed in gallons per year. It is based upon the area's reference evapotranspiration (ETo), the evapotranspiration adjustment factor (ETAF), and the size of the landscape area.

Plant Factor: A factor that when multiplied by the average inches per year evapotranspiration rate, estimates the amount of water used by plants. Plant water use calculations are based on the current Water Use Classification of Landscape Species (WUCOLS) list published by the University of California Cooperative Extension and the California Department of Water Resources: http://ucanr.edu/sites/WUCOLS/Download_WUCOLS_IV_List/

| Plant Water Use | Plant Factor | Also includes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Very Low | 0.0 to 0.1 |  |
| Low | $0.1-0.3$ | Artificial Turf; <br> Temporary <br> Irrigation |
| Moderate | $0.4-0.6$ |  |
| High | $0.7-1.0$ | Water features |
| Special Landscape Area | 1.0 |  |

Special Landscape Area: Areas used for active and passive recreation areas, areas solely dedicated to the production of fruits and vegetables, and areas irrigated with reclaimed water.

## 2. DETERMINE THE WATER BUDGET

## MAWA Water Budget Calculation

The MAWA Water Budget is calculated using the following calculation formula:
MAWA Water Budget $=(E T o)(0.62)[(E T A F \times L A)+((1-E T A F) \times$ SLA $)]=$ gallons per year

For residential landscape areas $=(\mathrm{ETo})(0.62)[(0.55)(\mathrm{LA})+(0.45)(\mathrm{SLA})]$
For non-residential landscape areas $=(\mathrm{ETo})(0.62)[(0.45)(\mathrm{LA})+(0.55)(\mathrm{SLA})]$

Legend for MAWA Water Budget Calculation Formula

| Symbol | Description of Symbol |
| :--- | :--- |
| ETo | Evapotranspiration (inches per year); <br> see Table 6 or ETo Map |
| 0.62 | Conversion factor to gallons |
| ETAF <br> 0.55 for residential landscape areas; <br> 0.45 for non-residential landscape <br> areas | Evapotranspiration Adjustment Factor |
| LA | Landscape Area (square feet) |
| 1- ETAF <br> 0.45 for residential landscape areas; <br> 0.55 for non-residential landscape <br> areas | Additional Evapotranspiration Adjustment <br> Factor for Special Landscape Areas and <br> Reclaimed Water |
| SLA | Special Landscape Area (square feet) |

In the calculation below provide the values for the water budget calculation used for the proposed project. The ETo for the calculation may be based on the precise location of the project using the ETo Map or based on the ETo for the Community Planning Area in Table 6 of the Landscape Standards each of which follows.

MAWA Water Budget calculation $=\left(\mathrm{ET}_{0}\right)(0.62)[(\mathrm{ETAF})(\mathrm{LA})+(1-\mathrm{ETAF})(\mathrm{SLA})]=$ gallons per year

## ETo Map

## SD County ETo, CIMIS Stations and Zipcodes

## LEGEND




## EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (ETo) TABLE BY COMMUNITY PLANNING AREA

| Community Planning Area | Average Annual ETo (inches/year) | Community Planning Area | Average Annual ETo (inches/year) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Barrio Logan | 40 | North City FUA Subarea II | 47 |
| Black Mountain Ranch | 47 | Ocean Beach | 40 |
| Carmel Mountain Ranch | 47 | Old San Diego | 47 |
| Carmel Valley | 47 | Otay Mesa | 47 |
| Centre City | 40 | Otay Mesa-Nestor | 40 |
| City Heights | 47 | Pacific Beach | 40 |
| Clairemont Mesa | 47 | Pacific Highlands Ranch | 47 |
| College Area | 47 | Peninsula | 40 |
| Del Mar Mesa | 47 | Rancho Bernardo | 57 |
| East Elliott | 47 | Rancho Encantada | 57 |
| Eastern Area | 47 | Rancho Penasquitos | 47 |
| Encanto | 47 | Sabre Springs | 47 |
| Fairbanks Country Club | 47 | San Pasqual | 54 |
| Greater Golden Hill | 47 | San Ysidro | 47 |
| Greater North Park | 47 | Serra Mesa | 47 |
| Kearney Mesa | 47 | Scripps Miramar Ranch | 47 |
| Kensington-Talmadge | 47 | Skyline-Paradise Hills | 47 |
| La Jolla | 40 | Southeastern San Diego | 47 |
| Linda Vista | 47 | Tierrasanta | 47 |
| Midway-Pacific Highway Corridor | 40 | Tijuana River Valley | 40 |
| Mira Mesa | 47 | Torrey Highlands | 47 |
| Miramar Ranch North | 47 | Torrey Hills | 47 |
| Mission Beach | 40 | Torrey Pines | 40 |
| Mission Valley | 47 | University | 47 |
| Navajo | 47 | Uptown | 47 |
| Normal Heights | 47 | Via De La Valle | 47 |

## 3. DETERMINE THE ESTIMATED TOTAL WATER USE (ETWU)

The Estimated Total Water Use (ETWU) is calculated using the following formula:
ETWU $=[(E T o)(0.62)][($ PF/IE x HA/IE $)+$ SLA $]=$ gallons per year

## Legend for Estimated Total Water Use (ETWU) Calculation Formula

| Symbol | Description of Symbol |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\underline{\text { ETo }}$ | Evapotranspiration (inches per year) |
| $\underline{0.62}$ | Conversion factor to gallons |
| $\underline{\text { PF }}$ | $\underline{\text { Plant Factor }}$ |
| $\underline{\text { HA }}$ | Irrigation Efficiency ${ }^{3}$-(square feet) <br> $\underline{\text { (0.81 for Drip System devices) }}$ <br> (0.75 for Overhead Spray devices) |
| $\underline{\text { SLA }}$ | $\underline{\text { Special Landscape Area (square feet) }}$ |

Use the following table to track information about each controller in the system.

| Controller <br> No. | Hydrozone <br> No. | Valve <br> Circuit | Plant <br> Factor <br> (PF) | Hydrozone <br> Area in s.f. <br> (HA) | Irrigation <br> Method | Irrigation <br> Efficiency <br> (IE) | \% Total <br> Landscape <br> Area |
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Then plug in the numbers from each controller/hydrozone into the ETWU equation. Then total the gallons per year of each controller/hydrozone for the Estimated Total Water Use per year. The total ETWU cannot exceed the total Water Budget-MAWA.

| Controller No. | ETWU [(ETo)(0.62)][-( $\left.{ }^{\text {PF x HAIE }}\right)+$ SLA] | Result in Gallons per Year |
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|  | Total ETWU gallons per year |  |

