

San Diego City Attorney Jan I. Goldsmith

NEWS RELEASE

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Another MAD Victory for City Attorney's Office

Court of Appeal rejects SDFOG's bid to end neighborhood improvement programs

San Diego property owners can continue to assess themselves as a way to pay for neighborhood maintenance and improvement programs, California's Fourth Appellate District Court of Appeal ruled today.

The Court of Appeal dismissed a suit filed by San Diegans for Open Government and attorney Cory Briggs against the City and its 57 voluntary Maintenance Assessment Districts (MADs).

In so doing, the appeals court affirmed an earlier San Diego Superior Court ruling that dismissed the case "for lack of standing and failure to state a cause of action."

The City has approved ordinances since 1969 that form MADs and enable them to impose assessments on district property owners to pay for community improvements and maintenance programs beyond those provided by the City.

Typical enhanced services provided by MADs include: parkway landscaping and maintenance; sidewalk cleaning and litter removal; landscape and hardscape medians; graffiti removal; public right-of-way improvements; tree trimming; decorative streetlights, and security services.

SDFOG, in its lawsuit, claimed the Council resolutions were flawed but, as the Court of Appeal noted, SDFOG provided no "support in the record" to substantiate that claim.

The Court of Appeal also affirmed the lower court ruling that SDFOG had no legal standing to bring a lawsuit – saying that SDFOG's "novel theories on standing" in the case were not legally supportable, as it had no "concrete and actual" interest in the MAD assessments, only a "conjectural or hypothetical" one.

Had SDFOG prevailed in the case, the 57 assessment districts would have been invalidated, and the City would have been required to issue refunds to their members, potentially involving tens of millions of dollars.

"Maintenance Assessment Districts are legal and popular, and only property owners, who benefit from the enhanced services, are assessed," City Attorney Jan Goldsmith said. "By this ruling, 57 neighborhoods can continue to voluntarily assess their properties in a way that maintains and improves the community."

The case was argued for the City by Deputy City Attorney Carmen A. Brock.

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The 57 Maintenance Assessment Districts are:

Adams Avenue MAD

Barrio Logan MAD

Bay Terraces - Honey Drive MAD

Bay Terraces - Parkside MAD

Bird Rock MAD

Black Mountain Ranch North MAD

Black Mountain Ranch South MAD

Calle Cristobal MAD

Camino Santa Fe MAD

Campus Point MAD

Carmel Mountain Ranch MAD

Carmel Valley MAD

Carmel Valley Neighborhood #10 MAD

Central Commercial MAD

City Heights MAD

College Heights MAD

Coral Gate MAD

Coronado View MAD

Del Mar Terrace MAD

Eastgate Technology Park MAD

El Cajon Boulevard MAD

First San Diego River Improvement Project MAD

Gateway Center East MAD

Genesee Ave. & North Torrey Pines Road MAD

Hillcrest MAD

Hillcrest Core MAD

Kings Row MAD

La Jolla Village Drive MAD

Liberty Station MAD

Linda Vista Community MAD

Little Italy MAD

Mira Mesa MAD

Miramar Ranch North MAD

Mission Boulevard MAD

Mission Hills Historic Street Lighting MAD

Newport Avenue MAD

North Park MAD

Ocean View Hills MAD

Otay International Center MAD

Pacific Highlands Ranch MAD

Park Village MAD

Penasquitos East MAD

Rancho Bernardo MAD

Rancho Encantada - Stonebridge Estates MAD

Remington Hills MAD
Robinhood Ridge MAD
Sabre Springs MAD
Scripps Miramar Ranch MAD
Stonecrest Village MAD
Street Light District #1 MAD
Talmadge MAD
Tierrasanta MAD
Torrey Highlands MAD
Torrey Hills MAD
University Heights MAD
Washington Street MAD
Webster - Federal Blvd MAD

Per MAD guidelines, maintenance means the furnishing of services and materials for the ordinary and usual maintenance, operation and servicing of improvements, services and appurtenant facilities, including repair, removal or replacement of all or part of any of the improvements, services or appurtenant facilities; providing for the life, growth, health and beauty of the landscaping improvements including cultivation, drainage, irrigation, trimming, mowing, spraying, fertilizing and treating for disease or injury; the removal of trimmings, rubbish, debris and other solid waste; and the cleaning and sweeping of the sidewalk and gutter, collection and disposal of fallen branches and trees, tree and bush trimming, placement of street furniture, banner installation, security services, including homeless patrolling and reporting of security and safety problems to governmental agencies and the cleaning, sandblasting, and painting of walls, and other improvements to remove or cover graffiti.

Also: Servicing means the furnishing of water and electricity for the irrigation of the Improvements or appurtenant facilities including any decorative lighting and the furnishing of electric current or energy, gas or other illuminating agent for the lighting improvements. Servicing also allows for the replacement of the facilities in order to maintain them in proper working order and to provide specific benefit to the District; or providing security and homeless patrols and other activities related to maintaining security.

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